# **Product Information: AgriStrip**

# Plum pox virus (PPV; Sharka)

PPV AgriStrip - a rapid assay for the detection of Plum pox virus (PPV)

#### Intended use

The rapid assay PPV AgriStrip is produced by BIOREBA for identification of PPV (Sharka) in *Prunus* sp. showing symptoms such as chlorotic spots, blotches, bands, rings or line patterns on leaves (Fig. 3,4). Later symptoms include uneven ripening, blotching and rings on fruits (Fig. 1). The concentration of PPV in tissues of fruit trees may vary considerably. For example, in peach and abricot trees, the concentration varies even within the same leaf.

Fig. 1. Sharka symptoms on fruit





### Test principle

The rapid assay PPV AgriStrip is a lateral-flow immunochromatographic test based on an antigen-antibody reaction that is initiated by inserting the strip into the sample extract. The sample liquid migrates upwards and red colored lines will become visible within a few minutes.

Both test and control lines become visible with positive extracts (containing PPV), whereas negative samples produce only the upper control line (Fig. 2). Intense coloration is reached within 10 – 15 min and the result can be registered.

Dried test strips can be kept as permanent records.

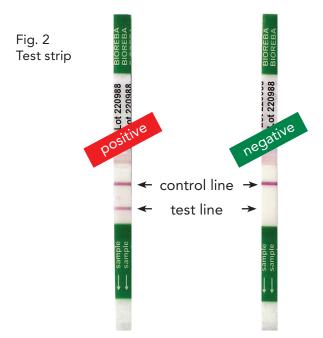
# Specificity and sensitivity

The antibodies used for this AgriStrip assay were made against an isolate of PPV from the Netherlands and are detecting the «full spectrum» of PPV isolates, i.e., D, M, EA, C (sour and sweet cherry) and W strains.

These antibodies have been truly validated with extensive collections of virus isolates from over 20 different countries; e.g. at Palacky University in Olomouc as well as in independent studies "ringtests"), carried out at IVIA, Valencia, Spain (COST 88 PPV workshop) and at the Virological Laboratory Gödöllö, Hungary, where all isolates from different host and geographic origins were detected.

The sensitivity attained with these antibodies in the AgriStrip lateral flow is very similar to the sensitivity in the DAS-ELISA format (less than 2-fold difference in dilution series up to 1:640, w/v). In parallel tests with field samples of apricot, peach and plum, the accordance between the two test formats was 100% so far.

Please read the notes on page 2-3 before starting the assay.







### Assay procedure

### Sampling and extraction

Best tissues for sampling are blossoms or symptomatic leaves and their petioles of suspicious *Prunus* species in early summer. With leaves of peach and abricot showing symptoms predominantly at one half, it is crucial to sample symptomatic tissue (Fig. 4).

Place a piece of 2.5 x 3 cm of leaf (that is approx. 0.15 g) or three blossoms in an extraction bag, then add 3 ml of extraction buffer B with a disposable pipette\* (Fig. 5a). Grind the tissue with the handheld homogenizer on a flat surface with few movements for not more than 3-4 seconds to obtain an 1:20 (w/v) extract (Fig. 5b).

With a disposable pipette\* first add 2 drops of extraction buffer into a cuvette, followed by 2 drops of the extracts resulting in a total of 150  $\mu$ l of the optimal dilution of 1:40 (w/v) see Fig. 5c and Fig. 6.

#### **Test**

Place a strip with the end marked «sample» into the extract (Fig. 5d). Observe the coloration of the lines that is completed after 15 min and can then be evaluated. Avoid any wetting of the strip above the sample mark with plant extract.

To prevent any confusion, label extraction bags, cuvettes and strips with a permanent marker.

### **Analysis of results**

- Both, a clearly visible test and control line are obtained with extracts containing PPV as shown in Fig. 2. This means the test is positive.
- 2) The test is **negative**, if the control line but no test line appears after 15 min. This means that no PPV is in the extract or in a concentration below the detection limit.
- 3) If neither test nor control line become visible, the test is **invalid** and should be repeated with a fresh strip.
- 4) Rarely, a faint test line might become visible after 15 30 min. Repeat the test in this case with a new extract or send the sample to a laboratory for verification with another method, such as RT-PCR.

Dried test strips can be stored as permanent record, even though the coloration of bands is stronger when the strips are still wet.

Fig. 3. Sharka symptoms on plum leaves



Fig. 4. Inhomogeneous distribution of PPV



#### **Notes**

- 1) Store the strips and the extraction buffer at 4°C. However, exposure to ambient temperature (10 30°C), such as during transport and use in the field, does not affect the quality. Keep the packaging (containing desiccant bags) always hermetically closed. Absorbed moisture by the strips can lead to poor results or even complete failure of the test.
- 2) Strips must be used before the expiration date indicated on the label of the packaging.
- 3) Use the PPV AgriStrip always with the Extraction buffer B supplied with the strips. Other buffers might fail.
- 4) It is recommended to run the test at 15 25°C. At temperatures below 15°C, the speed of color development of test and control lines slows down and the test can be evaluated only after 20 40 min.

Fig. 5. AgriStrip assay procedure









5) The extraction buffer contains sodium azide as preservative. Keep out of reach of children and do not ingest.

Hygiene measures

To avoid spread of the pathogen, all disposables (extraction bags, pipettes, and cuvettes) must be properly disinfected. This can be done by submerging for at least 60 min in a freshly prepared 0.1 % bleach solution (sodium hypochlorite). After that, this material can be disposed of according to local regulations. Please contact local phytosanitary authorities for specific recommendations.

### \* Use of the disposable pipettes

Do not accidentally contaminate the extraction buffer. Please make sure that the disposable pipettes are immediately disinfected and disposed of, after having been in contact with samples. Use always a fresh pipette from the pouch for dosing extraction buffer.

Fig. 6. Sensitivity of lateral flow immunochromatography.







Plum leaf healthy



Fig. PPV AgriStrip Complete kit 25

### Content of the AgriStrip Complete kit 25

- 25 strips packed with desiccant bags
- 100 ml AgriStrip Extraction buffer B
- 25 pipettes, disposable
- 25 extraction bags
- 25 cuvettes, disposable
- 1 cuvette rack

Note: the hand homogenizer is not included in the Complete kit 25.

# Content of the AgriStrip Set

### AgriStrip Set 25

- 25 strips packed with desiccant bags
- 100 ml AgriStrip Extraction buffer, ready-to-use B

### AgriStrip Set 100

- 100 strips packed with desiccant bags
- 500 ml AgriStrip Extraction buffer, ready-to-use B

# **Ordering Information**

Product	Art. No.	Assays
PPV <b>AgriStrip</b> Complete kit 25	150581	25
PPV <b>AgriStrip</b> Set 25	150582	25
PPV <b>AgriStrip</b> Set 100	150583	100
Optional Products	Art. No.	Size
Cuvette rack, holds 12 cuvettes	2166	1
Cuvettes, disposable	2534	100-
Pipettes, disposable	2292	500
Extraction bags Universal	430100	100
Homogenizer hand model	400010	1

### Disclaimer

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